

Final Call for Papers International Workshop on Fact-Oriented Modeling (ORM 2008)

Monterrey, Mexico
November 12-14, 2008

Held in conjunction with OTM'08 (Nov 9-14)
<http://www.cs.rmit.edu.au/fedconf>

Proceedings will be published by Springer Verlag

Paper Submission Extended Deadline: 2008 July 10
(abstracts due July 7)

Background:

Following successful workshops held in Cyprus (2005), France (2006) and Portugal (2007), this is the fourth in a series of fact-oriented modeling workshops run in conjunction with the OTM conferences. Fact-oriented modeling is a conceptual, natural language based approach to modeling and querying the information semantics of business domains in terms of the underlying facts of interest, where all facts and rules may be verbalized in language readily understandable by users of those business domains.

Unlike Entity-Relationship (ER) modeling and UML class diagrams, fact-oriented modeling treats all facts as relationships (unary, binary, ternary etc.). How facts are grouped into structures (e.g. attribute-based entity types, classes, relation schemes, XML schemas) is considered a design level, implementation issue that is irrelevant to the capturing of essential business semantics. Avoiding attributes in the base model enhances semantic stability and populatability, as well as facilitating natural verbalization and thus more productive communication with all stakeholders. For information modeling, fact-oriented graphical notations are typically far more expressive than those provided by other notations. Fact-oriented textual languages are based on formal subsets of native languages, so are easier to understand by business people than technical languages like OCL. Fact-oriented modeling includes procedures for mapping to attribute-based structures, so may also be used to front-end other approaches.

Though less well known than ER and object-oriented approaches, fact-oriented modeling has been used successfully in industry for over 30 years, and is taught in universities around the world. The fact-oriented modeling approach comprises a family of closely related "dialects", the most well known being Object-Role Modeling (ORM), Cognition enhanced Natural language Information Analysis Method (CogNIAM) and Fully-Communication Oriented Information Modeling (FCO-IM). Though adopting a different graphical notation, the Object-oriented Systems Model (OSM) is a close relative, with its attribute-free philosophy. In December 2007, the Semantics of Business Vocabulary and Business Rules (SBVR) proposal was adopted by the Object Management Group, becoming the latest addition to the family of fact-oriented approaches.

Commercial tools supporting the fact-oriented approach include the ORM solution within Microsoft's Visio for Enterprise Architects, the CogNIAM tool Doctool, and the FCO-IM tool CaseTalk. Free ORM tools include InfoModeler and Infagon, as well as various academic prototypes. DogmaStudio is an ORM-based tool for specifying ontologies. NORMA, an open-source plug-in to Visual Studio, is currently under development to provide deep support for second generation ORM. Various SBVR tools are also currently under development. General information about fact-orientation and SBVR, respectively, may be found at www.ORMFoundation.org and http://omg.org/technology/documents/bms_spec_catalog.htm#SBVR.

Goals and Topics:

The main goal of this workshop is to provide a forum for practitioners and researchers interested in fact-oriented modeling methods to meet, and exchange research and implementation ideas and results. It also provides this group of practitioners/researchers an opportunity to present their research papers and experience reports, and to take part in open discussions. Relevant topics include (but are not limited to) theoretical and/or empirical exploration of fact-oriented modeling methods, as well as case studies and experience reports related to:

- Theory/principles of fact-oriented modeling (ORM, CogNIAM, SBVR, FCO-IM etc.)
- Application of fact-oriented modeling to data warehousing and business intelligence
- Fact-oriented integration of business information, processes and events
- Fact-oriented modeling of ontologies
- Metamodels for fact-oriented modeling and business practice
- Fact-oriented metamodeling best practices
- Fact orientation, communication and understandability
- Industrial experience with fact-oriented modeling
- Fact-orientation and terminology science and practice
- Fact-oriented application generation
- Educational experience with fact-oriented modeling
- Fact-oriented modeling and business rules
- Temporal issues in fact-oriented modeling
- Fact-oriented modeling and business service modeling
- Fact-oriented modeling and workflow modeling
- Agent-oriented extensions to fact-oriented modeling
- Tools to support fact-oriented modeling and business practice
- Fact-orientation and verbalization of business rules
- Fact-orientation and validation of business rules
- Fact-oriented query languages
- Transforming fact-based models to/from attribute-based models
- Comparing fact-orientation with other approaches

Intended Audience:

The workshop is primarily aimed at researchers and practitioners interested in conceptual modeling approaches for the analysis and design of information systems and ontologies, including modeling of data, processes and events. Attendees familiar with fact-oriented approaches have the opportunity to update and deepen their knowledge and expertise in this area. Attendees less familiar with fact-oriented approaches have an ideal opportunity to learn about the approach from world experts in the area, and adopt or adapt the many benefits of the approach.

Workshop co-chairs:

Terry Halpin
Neumont University
USA

Sjir Nijssen
PNA
The Netherlands

Important Dates (2008):

Abstracts due:	July 7
Papers due:	July 10
Acceptance Notification:	August 15
Camera-ready copies:	August 25
Registration due:	TBA
OTM Conferences:	November 9 - 14

Submission Guidelines:

All submitted papers will be evaluated by at least three members of the program committee, based on originality, significance, technical soundness, and clarity of expression. Submissions must be in English, and may be of two kinds: Full Papers or Short Papers, both of which may discuss industrial experience or academic research. Full Papers should not exceed 5,000 words (excluding references and appendices), and should not exceed 10 pages in the final camera-ready format (see later). Short papers should not exceed 5 pages in the final camera-ready format. Full papers are normally allocated 45 minutes for presentation. Short papers are normally allocated at most 30 minutes for presentation. Only electronic submissions in Adobe PDF format are acceptable. The paper submission site is located at:

<http://www.cs.rmit.edu.au/fedconf/orm/2008/papers/>

On the original submission, include a cover page with title of paper as well as the authors' names, affiliations, phones, faxes, and email addresses. The total number of words in the paper (excluding cover page, tables, and references) should be indicated on the cover page. The second page should begin with the title of the paper followed by author names and affiliations and an abstract of no more than 150 words.

The proceedings will be published by Springer Verlag in their LNCS (Lecture Notes in Computer Science) series. The final paper (if accepted) should be formatted using the Springer LNCS style, as described at <http://www.springer.de/comp/lncs/authors.html>. Failure to commit to presentation at the workshop automatically excludes a paper from the proceedings.

Program committee:

Roel Baardman	BonusAdvies, The Netherlands
Guido Bakema	HAN University of Applied Science, The Netherlands
Herman Balsters	University of Groningen, The Netherlands
Linda Bird	National E-Health Transition Authority, Australia
Anthony Bloesch	Microsoft Corporation, USA
Scott Becker	Orthogonal Software, USA
Peter Bollen	Maastricht University, The Netherlands
Lex Bruil	ING Netherlands
Andy Carver	Neumont University, USA
Don Baisley	Microsoft Corporation, USA
Donald Chapin	Business Semantics, UK
Dave Cuyler	Sandia National Laboratories, USA
Olga De Troyer	Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Belgium
Jan Dietz	Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands
Gordon Everest	University of Minnesota, USA
Ken Evans	ORM Foundation, United Kingdom
Mario Gutknecht	Commerzbank, Frankfurt, Germany
John Hall	Model Systems, UK
Pat Hallock	InConcept, USA
Terry Halpin	Neumont University, USA
Hank Hermans	Statistics Netherlands, The Netherlands
Stijn Hoppenbrouwers	Radboud University, Nijmegen, The Netherlands
Mike Jackson	Birmingham City University, United Kingdom
Mustafa Jarrar	University of Cyprus, Cyprus
Elisa Kendall	Sandpiper Software, USA
Mark Linehan	IBM, USA
Inge Lemmens	PNA, The Netherlands

Bodil Madsen	Copenhagen Business School, Denmark
Robert Meersman	Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Belgium
Tony Morgan	Neumont University, USA
Maurice Nijssen	PNA, The Netherlands
Sjir Nijssen	PNA, The Netherlands
Anita Nuopponen	University of Vaasa, Finland
Baba Piprani	SICOM, Canada
Erik Proper	Radboud University and Capgemini, The Netherlands
Bob Quast	City of The Hague, The Netherlands
Ron Ross	Business Rules Solutions, USA
Jos Rozendaal	UCademy BV, Velsbroek, The Netherlands
Gerhard Skagestein	University of Oslo, Norway
Sylvie Spreuwenberg	LibRT, The Netherlands
Peter Spyns	Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Belgium
Deny Smeets	HAN University of Applied Science, The Netherlands
Hanne Thomsen	Copenhagen Business School, Denmark
Joost van Griethuysen	MMJ Engineering, The Netherlands
Jan Vanthienen	Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Belgium
Remco van Voorthuizen	ADP, The Netherlands
Jos Vos	ABP/AMC, Heerlen, The Netherlands
Gerd Wagner	Brandenburg Technical University Cottbus, Germany
Theo van der Weide	Radboud University, Nijmegen, The Netherlands

For more information on the workshop, please contact:

Prof. Terry Halpin
e-mail: terry@neumont.edu
fax: + 1 801 302 2811
tel: +1 801 302 2820